

Quick Note 14

Secure File Upload Using PSCP

UK Support

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Outline

This document shows how to upload firmware files over a secure connection using **PSCP** and upgrading the firmware. **PSCP** is a command-line secure file copy facility using **PuTTY**.

You can download the latest version of **PSCP** from the following link;

http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html

1.2 Assumptions

This guide has been written for use by technically competent personnel with a good understanding of the communications technologies used in the product, and of the requirements for their specific application.

- The TransPort router's configuration is set to factory defaults
- The TransPort router's firmware version is 4.706 or later.
- The user has some prior experience of configuring a TransPort router
- The user has prior experience of upgrading TransPort firmware.
- The default username = **username** and password = **password**.
- The user has prior knowledge of **PSCP** and **PuTTY**.

This application note applies to;

Models shown: Digi Transport DR6410.

Other Compatible Models: All Digi Transport products.

Firmware versions: 4.706 and above.

Configuration: This Application Note assumes the devices are set to their factory default configurations. Most configuration commands are only shown if they differ from the factory default.

1.3 Version

Version Number	Status
1.0	Published
1.1	Rebranded & updated

2 CONFIGURATION

2.1 Ethernet 0 LAN Configuration

First configure an IP address on the router. This can be on any interface but in this example we use Ethernet port 0 of the TransPort router.

Configuration - Interfaces > Ethernet > ETH 0 > Configure

<u>Configuration - Interfaces > Ethernet > ETH 0 > Configure</u>			
Configure: Ethernet O			
Description:			
IP analysis:	Off 👻		
Ethernet analysis:	Off 👻		
DHCP client:	Disabled 👻		
IP address:	10.1.19.1		
Multihome additional consecutive addresses:	0		
Mask:	255.255.0.0		
Max Rx rate (kbps):	0		
Max Tx rate (kbps):	0		
Group:	0		
DNS server:			
Secondary DNS server:			
Gateway:			

Parameter	Setting	Description
IP Address:	10.1.19.1	Configures the IP address for the LAN
Mask:	255.255.0.0	Configures the subnet mask for the LAN

2.2 Generate a Private Key for use with SSH.

Configuration - Security > Certificates > Utilities

Select a key size and file name for the private key file.

NB: The private key file can be given any name providing it ends with '.pem' and does not exceed 8 characters before the dot. For private key files it is recommended you follow the **priv*.pem** convention as a file prefixed with '**priv**' has increased security as it can not be copied or viewed.

Certificate utilities	
New Key Size:	1024 🗸
Private key filename:	privssh.pem
Save in SSHv1 format:	
Certificate request filena	ame: View

Parameter	Setting	Description
New Key Size:	1024	Configures the size of the private key in KB
Private Key Filename:	privssh.pem	Configures the name of the private key file
Generate Private Key	Button	Generates the private key on the router's flash

After a few seconds, the results screen should be shown, confirming the key was generated.

Configuration - Security > Certificates > Utilities				
Idle				
Results:				
Starting 1024 bit key generation. Please wait. This may take some time				
Key generated, saving to FLASH file privssh.pem Closing file Private key file created All tasks completed				

2.3 Configure the SSH Server

Configuration - Management > SSH Server > SSH Server 0

Configure: SSH Server 0	
Server port:	22
Number of listening sockets:	5
/ersion 1.5 enabled:	No 👻
ersion 2.0 enabled:	Yes 👻
lost key #1 filename:	privssh.pem
lost key #2 filename:	
aximum login time (secs):	60
aximum login attempts:	3
compression level:	6 🗸
ort forwarding enabled:	Yes 👻
ommand session host:	
ommand session port:	0
/2 options actively start key exchange:	Yes 🗸
ekey Kbytes:	1024
cryption 3-DES preference (0=disabled):	1
cryption AES 128 bit preference (0=disabled):	1
cryption AES 192 bit preference (0=disabled):	1
ncryption AES 256 bit preference (0=disabled):	1
AC MD5 preference (0=disabled):	1
AC MD5-96 preference (0=disabled):	1
AC SHA1 preference (0=disabled):	1
AC SHA1-96 preference (0=disabled):	1
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Parameter	Setting	Description
Host key # 1 filename:	privssh.pem	Enter the name of the private key file
Rekey Kbytes:	1024	specify the amount of data that is allowed to pass over the encrypted link before a new set of keys must be negotiated (SSH V2 only)

The router configuration is now complete, you can now use PSCP to copy files to the router.

3 EXAMPLE SCENARIO

The following pages show how PSCP could be used to upgrade the routers firmware.

3.1 Copy the firmware files to your PC

From the Digi website, download the appropriate firmware files to your PC and remember where you saved them. It's better to keep the file path as short as possible as this needs to be entered manually into the command line during the upload.

In this example the files are save C: \DR6410_WVS directory

The file names are 85019wVS.web, image, image4.c1, logcodes.txt and sbios1.



3.2 Check the Current Version of Firmware

Administration - Version info

Check the Software Build Version. Here the firmware version is 5011.

Sarian Systems. Sarian DR6410-HIA DSL2/2+						
Software Build Ver5011. Mar 19 2008 04:14:40 8W						
WEB Build	"dr64x0"					
BIOS	ARM Sarian Bios Ver 4.83 v31 197MHz B128-M128-F300-O100000,0 MAC:00042d01248f					
Async Driver	Revision: 1.19					
Ethernet Port Isolate Driver	Revision: 1.11					
ISDN ST 21150 Driver	Revision: 1.7					
Firewall	Revision: 1.0					
EventEdit	Revision: 1.0					
Timer Module	Revision: 1.1					
AAL	Revision: 1.0					
ADSL	Revision: 1.0					
(B)USBHOST	Revision: 1.0					

3.3 Upload Files using PSCP and Upgrade the Firmware.

To ensure there is enough room on the flash for additional files delete the file ending in '.web' via the command line.

Category:	
Session Logging Terminal Keyboard Bell Features Window Appearance Behaviour Translation Selection Colours Connection Data Proxy Telnet Rlogin SSH Serial	Basic options for your PuTTY session Specify the destination you want to connect to Host Name (or IP address) Port 10.1.19.1 22 Connection type: Rlogin ● SSH ● Serial Load, save or delete a stored session Saved Sessions Default Settings Load 10.1.19.2_test Cathy Fujitsu_test UberMeg UberMeg WAN Delete Work Linux Only on clean exit
	Always ○ Never ⊙ Only on clean exit

Using PuTTy, enter the IP address of the TransPort router and click **Open**.

The first time you use PuTTY or a new private key you will see the following alert.



Click **Yes** to accept the router's host key.

At the command prompt Login to the router with a username password which has 'super user' privileges. We will use the default username = **username** and password = **password**. Once logged in run the command line **del** <**filename>.web**

Hint: To show the name of the web file type **dir<enter>** to see a list of all files names.



NB: Once this file is deleted you will not be able to view the router's web interface.

3.4 File Upload

Download the latest 'pscp.exe' and copy it to the directory on your PC at the location where your DOS prompt usually opens.

To upload the files the PSCP command line usage in this example will be;

pscp <source path>\<source file> [user@]host:

For a full list of PSCP commands go here:

http://the.earth.li/~sgtatham/putty/0.60/htmldoc/Chapter5.html

Upload all firmware files except the .web file using the following commands. You will be asked for the password (= password) for each file.

pscp C:\DR6410_WVS\image username@10.1.19.1:

pscp C:\DR6410_WVS\sbios1 username@10.1.19.1:

pscp C:\DR6410_WVS\image4.c1 username@10.1.19.1:

pscp C:\DR6410_wvS\logcodes.txt username@10.1.19.1:



3.5 Update the Boot loader

Close the PSCP DOS prompt and connect to the command line using PuTTY.

Run the command move sbios1 sbios



3.6 Upload the Web File

Close the **PuTTY** session and upload the ***.web** file using **PSCP**.

```
pscp C:\DR6410_WVS\85019wvs.web username@10.1.19.1:
```



3.7 SCAN

Now that all firmware files are uploaded and the boot loader is updated, check the integrity of the files by issuing the **scan** command via the command line using **PuTTY**.

P 10.1.19.1 - PuTTY	- 🗆 🗙
login as: username	^
username@10.1.19.1's password:	
38/4895>scan	
Please wait	
directok	
sbiosok	
mirrorok	
LOGCODES.TXTok	
sregs.datok	
85019wvs.webok	
templog.c1ok	
imageok, data ok	
image4.c1ok, data ok	
config.facok	
x3profok	
fw.txtok	
config.jmok	~

If there are no BAD CRC's then run the reboot command to powercycle the router and apply the new firmware.

3.8 Check the New Version of Firmware

Administration - Version info

Check the Software Build Version. The firmware version is now showing 5019.

Sarian Systems. Sarian DR6410-HIA DSL2/2+ Router Ser#:74895 Software Build Ver5019. Nay 7 2008 13:06:10 8W	
BIOS	ARM Sarian Bios Ver 4.90 v31 197MHz B128-M128-F300-O100000,0 MAC:00042d01248f
Async Driver	Revision: 1.19
Ethernet Port Isolate Driver	Revision: 1.11
ISDN ST 21150 Driver	Revision: 1.7
Firewall	Revision: 1.0
EventEdit	Revision: 1.0
Timer Module	Revision: 1.1
AAL	Revision: 1.0
ADSL	Revision: 1.0
(B)USBHOST	Revision: 1.0

4 TRANSPORT ROUTER CONFIGURATION FILES

The configuration file used for this quick note.

eth 0 IPaddr "10.1.19.1" eth 0 mask "255.255.0.0" adsl 0 watchdog OFF lapb 0 ans OFF lapb 2 dtemode 2 lapb 3 dtemode 2 def_route 0 ll_ent "PPP" def route 0 ll add 1 def_route 1 ll_ent "PPP" def_route 1 ll_add 4 ppp 0 use_modem 3 ppp 1 IPaddr "0.0.0.0" ppp 1 username "Enter ADSL Username" ppp 1 epassword "Dm1DbV9VH3s=" ppp 1 timeout 0 ppp 1 aodion 1 ppp 1 autoassert 1 ppp 1 echo 10 ppp 1 echodropcnt 5 ppp 1 lliface "AAL" ppp 4 1_acfc ON ppp 4 1_pfc ON ppp 4 IPaddr "1.2.3.5" ppp 4 IPmin "10.10.10.0" ppp 4 username "Enter PSTN Username" ppp 4 timeout 60 ppp 4 use_modem 3 ana 0 anon ON ana 0 lapdon 0 ana 0 lapbon 0 ana 0 maxdata 200 ana 0 logsize 45 cmd 0 unitid "ss%s>" cmd 0 cmdnua "99" cmd 0 hostname "SS.6000r" cmd 0 asyled mode 1 cmd 0 tremto 1200 user 0 name "username" user 0 epassword "KD51SVJDVVg=" user 0 access 0 user 1 name "Sarian" user 1 epassword "HA0gDhQc" user 1 access 0 user 2 epassword "Kzp1SEBY" user 2 access 0 user 3 access 0 user 4 access 0 user 5 access 0 user 6 access 0 user 7 access 0 user 8 access 0 local 0 transaccess 2 ssh 0 hostkey1 "privssh.pem" ssh 0 rekeykbytes 1024