Source-level debugging of ROM images using a Majic (Green Hills)

Majic along with the MULTI debugger allows for debugging binary images from ROM. To debug your ROM code (set breakpoints, single-step, etc) with source-level symbolic debug information perform the following steps:

Preparing to debug

The following steps need to be done prior to starting a debug session. Note that you need to make changes to the startice.cmd file, when you go back to debugging from RAM you need to undo these changes, so it's a good idea to back up this file before starting.

- 1. First build and program your image into ROM. NET+OS typically first loads a bootloader (rom.bin) and then a compressed image (image.bin), follow the normal procedure for downloading to flash.
- 2. Edit the startice.cmd file, when you setup the connection organizer you selected the location of this file. Comment out the line 'fr c ns9xxx.cmd' this is done by placing a '//' before this command . You are commenting out the reading of the initialization script which initializes RAM since the ROM image will now initialize RAM. This line is shown below:

// fr c ns9xxx.cmd

Debug Session

- 1. Power the board ON.
- 2. Start MULTI as normal and navigate to your application (if you are using netcentral). If you want to debug the bootloader, navigate into the bootloader directory as shown below:

💦 C:\netos63_branch4\netos\netos\ns9750_a.gpj - MULTI Project Builder				
<u>File Edit Build Connect Debug Tools Windows H</u> elp				
* 🗠 🗆 V 🗈 💼 🗅 🐝 🔍 🐷 🜌				
Find: 💌				
Name	Туре	Options		
🕒 ./ns9750_a/32b/template.gpj	Project	-I.\build\ns9750 a\321 -		
-⊞ tool.gpj	Project	-I.\build :sourceDir=		
🗆 🖯 🖯 system.gpj	Project	-I.\build :sourceDir=		
-⊞ library.gpj	Project	-I.\build :sourceDir=		
- 🖯 platform.gpj	Project	-I.\build :sourceDir=		
- 🖯 standard_bsp.gpj	Project	-I.\build\common\32b		
-⊞ reset.gpj	Singleton Library	:outputDir=.\src\bsp\(
— ⊞ memcpy.gpj	Singleton Library	:outputDir=.\src\bsp\(
–⊞ bsp.gpj	Library	:outputDir=.\src\bsp\(
🗆 🖯 bootLoader.gpj	Project	:sourceDir=.\src\bsp\}		
-⊞\\net\net.gpj	Library	-I.\src\bsp\bootloade		
-⊞\\ramImage\blram.gpj	Program	-I.\src\bsp\bootloade:		
-⊞\\spiBootRamImage\blram.gpj	Program	-I.\src\bsp\bootloade		
-🛛\\romImage\rom.gpj	Program	-I.\src\bsp\bootloader		
- rommain.c	с			
	Assembly			
- customize.lx	Linker Directives			
blrom.lx	Linker Directives			
\ramImage\blram.o	Object			
))common\appconf_api.c	c			
)nainet.c	c			
\nawait.c	с			
	Prebuilt Library			
	Prebuilt Library			
	Prepuilt Library			
	Program	-1.\src\bsp\bootloadel		
Initializing Debugger done.				
Initializing Editor done.				
C:\netos63_branch4\netos\netos\src\bsp\bootloader\romImage\rom.gpj ARM ThreadX				

- Go into the connection organizer by clicking on Connect->Connection Organizer.
 In the 'User Methods' window double click on the connection which you setup in the tutorial.
- 5. In the 'Connect for:' list click on the 'Attach (Debug application already on target)' button as shown below.

ARMulator (rdiserv) Connection Editor			
Name:	Name: ns9xxx 2.2a		
Type: ARMulator (rdiserv)			
🗖 Log Connection to file:			
Target S	etup script: 📝		
 MULTI C Legacy Connect for: Download (Download and debug application) Attach (Debug application already on target) Board Setup (Debug board initialization sequence) 			
Connection Download Advanced Debug			
Load S V Tes V Da BS	ections: xt ta S		
mode=download rdisery -cpu ARM9TDMI -bigendian -dll C:\EPI\RDI\rdimajic.			
Conne	ct OK Cancel Revert Apply		

- 6. Click OK
- 7. Right mouse click on your user method and select Connect to Target, you should see the RDI server window.
- 8. Load the symbol file for the image you wish to debug; symbols are in the output file for your project. You see the name of the output file for your project by right mouse clicking on your project (rom.gpj) and select 'Set Options' as shown below:

💥 Build Options for rom.gpj				
Basic Options All Options Modified Options				
Option Categories: Build Options in Category:				
🗄 Target	Name	Value		
Project	Output Filename	.\src\bsp\bootloader\romimage\rom		
🗄 Optimization	Object File Output Directory	.\src\bsp\bootloader\romimage\objs\ghs\\$PLATF		
Debugging	Source Root			
Preprocessor	Include Directories	.,.,.,\src\bsp,.,.,.\\\src\bsp		
H C/C++ Compiler	Library Directories	\\lib\\$PROCESSOR\32b\ghs,\\lib\		
Assembler	Libraries	libsflash.a		
E Commiler Discretice	Source Directories Relative to	.,\\src\bsp\bootloader,\\src\bs		
HTML Commiler	Intermediate Output Directory	.\src\bsp\bootloader\romimage\objs\gns\\$PLATF		
Advanced				
Processing which will create: \stc\bsr\bothadet\rankingage\rank				
This partial command line omits the contained objects.				
The complete command can be obtained from an Advanced Build with info -commands.				
C:\ghs\arm405\cctxarm -MD -I.\src\bsp\bootloader\romImage \				
sys_include_directory .\src\bsp\bootloader -1.\src\bsp\bootloader \				
Command Line Documentation				

9. To load the symbols click on

Debug->Load Symbols->Select Symbols To Load

10. Select your rom file (output files) and click 'Load' You should see the following after you click load:
Loading symbols for
C:\netos63_branch4\netos\netos\src\bsp\bootloader\romImage\rom.
Symbols loaded.
PC
0

12. Next set the program counter by typing \$pc=0x50000000

Now you can start stepping through ROM code. *You can only set two breakpoints at a time*. To break on main, type 'b main' as you normally would, this gets converted automatically to a hardware breakpoint. The rom file is the ROM image portion of the bootloader, if you wish to debug the RAM image portion of the bootloader or the RAM image application you will need to reload symbols for that image.

- 1. Only have two breakpoints at a time, ARM only supports two hardware breakpoints.
- 2. If you have optimization turned ON, you can expect to see the program counter 'jump around' while single stepping, to disable optimization right mouse click on your project select 'Set Options' and set the Optimization Strategy to 'No Optimizations' and rebuild your application.
- 3. Make sure that you exit the RDI Majic console window between debug sessions, it does not always shutdown gracefully, and if it's still open it won't allow you to start another debug session.
- 4. Also, make sure you set the program counter to 0x50000000 before you start stepping.
- 5. Make sure that flash is enabled.

Tips